

# Lamento: 59°23' N, 21°40' E

Anders Nilsson

♩=56

Flute

Violoncello

Organ

Ped.: Soft 16',8'

Sw. Soft 16',8'

ESs      uT/dO    (n) sI    A

Soft 16',8'

*pp*

8

Fl.

*pp* *p* *pp* *p*

P12

s.r.:

actual sound: "Seagull-gliss."\*

*pp* *pp* *pp*

Vc.

pizz. arco

*ff* *p* *f* *p* *mf* *p*

Glissando

Org.

Bass

\* This effect is produced automatically.  
 Begin with 4th finger (lightly touching string) an octave above lower note.  
 Keep same spacing of hand throughout glissando (the interval thereby diminishing).

13  $\flat 2$

Fl. *pp* *pp<sub>3</sub>* *Glissando* 3

s.r. *pp* *Gliss.*

Vc. *Glissando* *Glissando* *Glissando* *p*

Org.

17

Fl. *p* *mp* 3 (♩=84)

Vc. *mp* 3

Org.

The image shows a page of a musical score for three instruments: Flute (Fl.), Violoncello (Vc.), and Organ (Org.). The Flute part begins at measure 17 with a piano (*p*) dynamic. It features a series of sixteenth-note runs, with three groups of sixteenth-note triplets indicated by a '3' above the notes. The tempo is marked as quarter note = 84. The Violoncello part has a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic and includes a triplet of eighth notes. The Organ part consists of two staves, with the left hand playing sustained chords and the right hand playing moving lines. The score is written in a key signature with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature.

22

Fl.

*p*

3

5

3

5

3

Vc.

*pp*

pizz.

3

5

3

Org.

27

Fl. *f* *mf* *mf*  $\text{♩} = 126$

s.r. *p* *p* *Gliss.*

Vc. *f* *p* *Glissando* *Glissando* *Glissando* *Glissando* *mf*

Org. *mf* *mf* *p*

+ Reeds 16',8'